





Helping Kentucky's Impacted Communities: UK-SBRP's Community Outreach Core

Superfund Community Action through Nutrition (SCAN)

Lisa Gaetke, Ph.D., R.D. Carolyn Hofe, R.D.

University of Kentucky

Dr. Lisa Gaetke







UK's SBRP's Focus

How nutrition affects the consequences of exposure to Superfund pollutants



Dr. Lisa GaetkeNutrition & Food Science

218 Funkhouser Building Lexington, KY 40506-0054 lgaetke@pop.ukv.edu







UK SBRP Research

- Certain coplanar PCBs contribute to oxidative damage/stress in the body
- Exposure to PCBs contribute to an increased risk for chronic diseases:
 - Cardiovascular disease
 - Cancer
- Intake of certain fats with PCBs increase oxidative stress
- Especially in combination with poor diet
- Intake of anti-oxidants protects against oxidative stress







Purpose of SCAN

- To meet the needs of individuals and communities affected by environmental contaminants
- To bring science to the people most affected by environmental contaminants
- To improve health and benefit the lives of these people



Dr. Lisa Gaetke







SCAN has 3 critical tasks

- Identify groups and individuals affected by pollutants
- Interact and build mutual trust
- Offer meaningful programs that can be shown to be helpful







3 Audiences

- Affected Superfund community groups and individuals
 - Examples: Dayhoit, KY community impacted by TCE and PCBladen oils dumped into the Cumberland River; Paducah, KY community near an EPA-designated Superfund National Priority List site
- Broad public audiences
- Health care professionals



Dr. Lisa Gaetke







Sample SCAN Programs

- "Antioxidants what are they?"
- Increase intake of fruits and vegetables – fruit smoothies
- "Spice Up your Immune System" spices are antioxidants
- Portion sizes





U.K UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY





















U.K UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY













HERBS and SPICES

- Used for:
 - Taste
 - Food preservation
 - Food sanitation
 - Variety
 - Gifts



Dr. Lisa Gaetke







What do herbs and spices have to do with my health or immune system?



Dr. Lisa Gaetke



Antioxidants





- Prevents bad things from forming inside of our bodies
 - Prevents oxidation
 - Prevents/reverses free-radical formation

lgaetke@pop.ukv.edu







OXIDATION

The process of combining or binding with oxygen

Dr. Lisa GaetkeNutrition & Food Science
218 Funkhouser Building
Lexington, KY
40506-0054

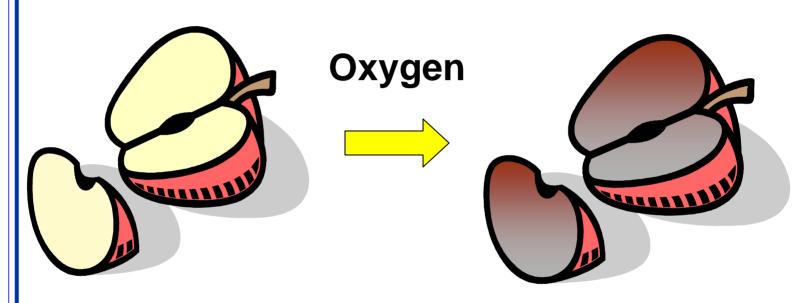
lgaetke@pop.ukv.edu



Example of Oxidation







Dr. Lisa Gaetke







The process of oxygen binding within the body

Too much oxygen or the wrong combination with oxygen can lead to oxidative stress

218 Funkhouser Building Lexington, KY 40506-0054 lgaetke@pop.ukv.edu











FREE RADICAL

Chemistry: An unstable, highly reactive compound (OXIDANT)

Substances that cause damage or oxidative stress within the body





Example of Free Radical Formation

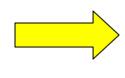






Cooking Oil

Oxygen, Light, or Heat





Rancid Cooking Oil

Dr. Lisa Gaetke









- Cinnamon
- Cumin
- Black Pepper
- Turmeric
- Cloves
- Ginger











Health Benefits of Cinnamon

- Antioxidant benefits:
 - Heart: decreases inflammation
 - Diabetes: improves ability to respond to insulin
- Food Preservation and Safety
 - Good preservative
 - Decreased growth of food-borne pathogens

lgaetke@pop.ukv.edu







Health Benefits of Turmeric



(aka "Indian Saffron")



- Anti-inflammatory effects
 - Potential help for inflammatory bowel disease
 - Potential relief for rheumatoid arthritis
- Potential benefit for cystic fibrosis patients
- Antioxidant Benefits:
 - May reduce colon cancer and help the body destroy cancer cells
 - May reduce the risk of developing childhood leukemia
- May improve liver function
- May decrease risk for diseases of the heart
- May provide protection against Alzheimer's Disease
- Excellent source of manganese and iron
- Good source of vitamin B6, fiber, and potassium

Dr. Lisa Gaetke







Herbs

- Thyme
- Oregano
- Basil
- Parsley













Health Benefits of Oregano

- High Antioxidant Activity
 - 42x's that of apples
 - 30x's that of potatoes
 - 12x's that of oranges
 - 4x's that of blueberries



Nutrient Dense

- Very good source of fiber, iron, and manganese
- Good source of calcium, vitamin C, vitamin A, and omega 3-fatty acids
- Anti-bacterial properties
 - Research: In Mexico, more effective than prescription drugs against Giardia

Dr. Lisa Gaetke







Dr. Lisa Gaetke Nutrition & Food Science 218 Funkhouser Building Lexington, KY 40506-0054 Igaetke@pop.uky.edu

Community Outreach Translation Seeks to:

- Inform people that exposure to PCBs increases the risk of heart disease and other chronic diseases
- Decrease intake of total fat
- Increase intake of food high in anti-oxidants to protect against this, increase intake of fruits, vegetables, and spices
- Increase intake of fiber









Dr. Lisa Gaetke Nutrition & Food Science 218 Funkhouser Building Lexington, KY 40506-0054 lgaetke@pop.ukv.edu

Conclusion

- SCAN in full partnership with affected communities:
 - empowers individuals and communities to take proactive steps with regard to health



-develops new diet strategies to optimize health in the face of exposure to Superfund contaminants







Scientific research is very important, but the true value of scientific research is measured by the degree to which it benefits the lives of people and the communities in which they live

Dr. Lisa GaetkeNutrition & Food Science
218 Funkhouser Building

Lexington, KY 40506-0054 lgaetke@pop.ukv.edu







Dr. Lisa Gaetke

Nutrition & Food Science 218 Funkhouser Building Lexington, KY 40506-0054 lgaetke@pop.ukv.edu

For more information and print materials, visit: www.uky.edu/Research/Superfund/SCANprog.htm

BE ADVENTUROUS

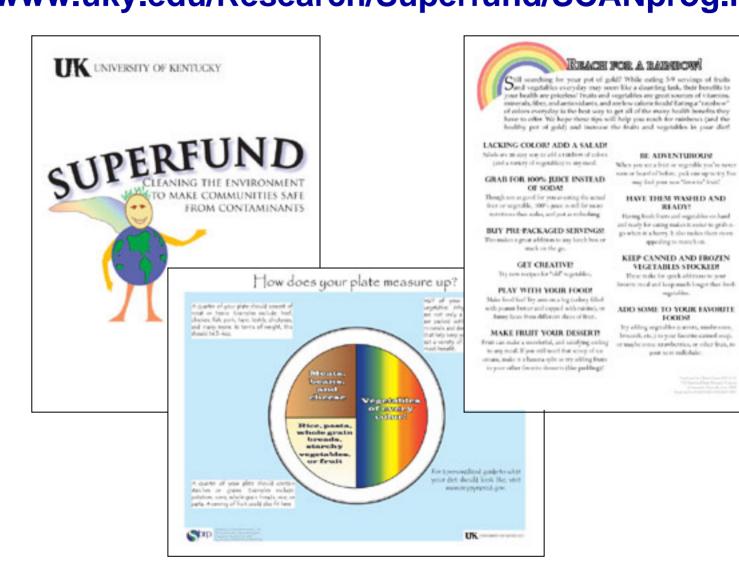
READYS

appealing to transferm.

regrishbo.

FOODSE

person to extendicularies

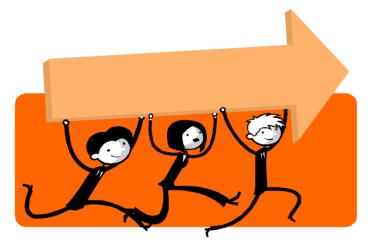




How can you get involved?







Contact Us: Lisa Gaetke lgaetke@email.uky.edu (859) 257-1031

Carolyn Hofe
Carolyn.Hofe@uky.edu
(859) 257-1573

Dr. Lisa GaetkeNutrition & Food Science
218 Funkhouser Building
Lexington, KY

lgaetke@pop.ukv.edu

Supported by NIEHS/NIH (P42ES07380)